



## Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Marine Compound and Finishing Material, 06044, 06045, 06046

#### Product Identification Numbers

60-4550-6912-4      60-4550-6965-2

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

##### Recommended use

Rubber Compound, Marine

For Industrial or Professional use only.

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

**Address:** 3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113  
**Telephone:** 136 136  
**E Mail:** productinfo.au@mmm.com  
**Website:** www.3m.com.au

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

This product is classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheets for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

#### 2.2. Label elements

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia, December 2011). This information may be different from the actual product label.

**Signal word**

WARNING!

**Symbols**

Exclamation mark |

**Pictograms**



**Hazard statements**

H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Precautionary statements**

**General:**

P102 Keep out of reach of children.  
P103 Read label before use.  
P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention:**

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P280E Wear protective gloves.  
P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Response:**

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P312 Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

**Storage:**

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

**2.3. Other assigned/identified product hazards**

None known.

**2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification**

May be harmful if inhaled.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	15 - 40
Water	7732-18-5	15 - 40
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	9005-65-6	5 - 10
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	1 - 5
Alkylolammonium Salt	Trade Secret	0.5 - 1.5
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	< 1.25

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### Eye contact

No need for first aid is anticipated.

#### If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

### Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Carbon monoxide.	During combustion.
Carbon dioxide.	During combustion.
Oxides of nitrogen.	During combustion.

### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for

information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
MINERAL OILS, HIGHLY-REFINED OILS	8042-47-5	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Paraffin oil	8042-47-5	Australia OELs	TWA(as mist)(8 hours):5 mg/m3	
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):790 mg/m3	
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm	
Benzene, trimethyl-	95-63-6	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):123 mg/m3(25 ppm)	
Benzene, trimethyl-	95-63-6	ACGIH	TWA:25 ppm	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

Australia OELs : Australia. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CELL: Ceiling

Sen: Sensitiser

Sk: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure

Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

## 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety glasses with side shields.

Select and use eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1336. Eye protection should comply with the performance specifications of AS/NZS 1337.

### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Nitrile rubber.

Polymer laminate

Select and use gloves according to AS/NZ 2161.

### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Select and use respirators according to AS/NZS 1715. Respirators should comply with AS/NZS 1716 performance specifications. For information about respirators, call 3M on 1800 024 464.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Appearance/Odour</b>	Slight Solvent Smell with Fragrance White to Off-White Liquid
<b>Odour threshold</b>	<i>No data available.</i>
<b>pH</b>	7.3 - 7.9
<b>Melting point/Freezing point</b>	<i>No data available.</i>
<b>Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range</b>	100 °C [ <i>Test Method:Estimated</i> ]
<b>Flash point</b>	Flash point > 93 °C (200 °F) [ <i>Test Method:Closed Cup</i> ]
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	<i>No data available.</i>
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Flammable Limits(LEL)</b>	<i>No data available.</i>
<b>Flammable Limits(UEL)</b>	<i>No data available.</i>
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	2,343.8 Pa [ <i>Test Method:Estimated</i> ] [ <i>Details:at 68 F</i> ]
<b>Vapour density</b>	<i>No data available.</i>
<b>Density</b>	1.1 - 1.13 g/ml
<b>Relative density</b>	1.12 [ <i>Ref Std:WATER=1</i> ]
<b>Water solubility</b>	<i>No data available.</i>
<b>Solubility- non-water</b>	<i>No data available.</i>

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.
Autoignition temperature	No data available.
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
Viscosity	35,000 - 45,000 mPa-s
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	30.6 % weight [Test Method:calculated per CARB title 2]
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	343 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Percent volatile	63.4 % weight [Test Method:Estimated]
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	543 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3. Conditions to avoid

Heat.

### 10.4. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids.

Strong oxidising agents.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
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None known.	
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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

### 11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

#### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation

May be harmful if inhaled. Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Skin contact

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.

#### Eye contact

Dust created by cutting, grinding, sanding, or machining may cause eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

### Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

### Additional Health Effects:

#### Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

### Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

#### Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapour(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE20 - 50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation-Vapour		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Stoddard Solvent	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Stoddard Solvent	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 38,000 mg/kg
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 18 mg/l
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,400 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

#### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Stoddard Solvent	Rabbit	Irritant
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Rabbit	Irritant

#### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Stoddard Solvent	Rabbit	No significant irritation
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Rabbit	Mild irritant

#### Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
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Stoddard Solvent	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

**Respiratory Sensitisation**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Name	Route	Value
Stoddard Solvent	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Stoddard Solvent	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

**Carcinogenicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Stoddard Solvent	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	Human and animal	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic

**Reproductive Toxicity****Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	during organogenesis
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	during gestation
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	Some positive female reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.2 mg/l	3 months
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	Some positive male reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.2 mg/l	3 months
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.5 mg/l	during gestation

**Target Organ(s)**



**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure**

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 6.5 mg/l	4 hours
Stoddard Solvent	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	official classification	NOAEL Not available	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure**

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 4.6 mg/l	6 months
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 1.9 mg/l	13 weeks
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.6 mg/l	90 days
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   blood   liver   muscles	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 5.6 mg/l	12 weeks
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	heart	All data are negative	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 1.3 mg/l	90 days
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,381 mg/kg/day	90 days
White Mineral Oil	Ingestion	liver   immune system	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days

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(Petroleum)			data are not sufficient for classification			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	3 months
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 0.1 mg/l	3 months
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	liver   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.2 mg/l	3 months
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	heart   endocrine system   immune system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1.2 mg/l	3 months
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	14 days
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Ingestion	liver   immune system   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days

**Aspiration Hazard**

Name	Value
Stoddard Solvent	Aspiration hazard
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Aspiration hazard
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Aspiration hazard

**Exposure Levels**

Refer Section 8.1 Control Parameters of this Safety Data Sheet.

**Interactive Effects**

Not determined.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

**12.1. Toxicity**

**Acute aquatic hazard:**

Not acutely toxic to aquatic life by GHS criteria.

**Chronic aquatic hazard:**

Not chronically toxic to aquatic life by GHS criteria.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	7.72 mg/l
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Mysid Shrimp	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	2 mg/l
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	3.6 mg/l
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	9005-65-6	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	471 mg/l
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Bluegill	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal Level 50%	>100 mg/l
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	>100 mg/l

**12.2. Persistence and degradability**

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	0 % weight	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	Estimated Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	6.49 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	63 % weight	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	9005-65-6	Experimental Biodegradation	5 days	BOD	70	Other methods
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	11.8 hours (t 1/2)	Other methods
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	4 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)

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**12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential**

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	Experimental BCF - Other		Bioaccumulation factor	1944	Other methods
Polyethylene Glycol Sorbitan Monooleate	9005-65-6	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Experimental BCF-Carp	56 days	Bioaccumulation factor	275	Other methods

**12.4. Mobility in soil**

Please contact manufacturer for more details

**12.5 Other adverse effects**

No information available.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations****13.1. Disposal methods**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes.

**SECTION 14: Transport Information****Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport**

UN No.: Not applicable.

Proper shipping name: Not applicable.

Class/Division: Not applicable.

Sub Risk: Not applicable.

Packing Group: Not applicable.

Hazchem Code: Not applicable

IERG: Not applicable.

**International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport**

UN No.: Not applicable.

Proper shipping name: Not applicable.

Class/Division: Not applicable.

Sub Risk: Not applicable.

Packing Group: Not applicable.

**International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport**

**UN No.:** Not applicable.

**Proper shipping name:** Not applicable.

**Class/Division:** Not applicable.

**Sub Risk:** Not applicable.

**Packing Group:** Not applicable.

**Marine Pollutant:** Not applicable.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### **15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**Australian Inventory Status:**

The chemical components contained within this product are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances and are in compliance with the requirements of the Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 as amended.

**Poison Schedule:** This product is intended for Industrial or Professional Use only and therefore is not packaged and labelled in accordance with the requirements of the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

**Revision information:**

Conversion to GHS format SDS.

**DISCLAIMER:** The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

Greenguard® is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.

**3M Australia SDSs are available at [www.3m.com.au](http://www.3m.com.au)**