

Page 1/14 Printing date: 14.03.2022 Revision date: 14.03.2022 Version no. 1 Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations

Hazardous according to criteria of Australian Safety and Compensation Council.

### 1 Identification

· Product identifier

# Trade name: BODY P980 1K FINE FILLER

• Article number: 894

#### • Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against • Sector of Use

SU3 Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU22 Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

- Product category PC9b Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay
- Process category PROC8a Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities

• Environmental release category ERC2 Formulation into mixture

• Article category AC1 Vehicles

· Application of the substance / the mixture Surface protection

• Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

# Manufacturer/Supplier:

HB BODY S.A. B' ENTRANCE BLOCK 50 DA9 & MB6 Str THESSALONIKI INDUSTRIAL AREA 57.022, SINDOS THESSALONIKI,GREECE Ph: +30 2310 790 000 Fax: +30 2310 790 033 www.hbbody.com email: hbbody@hbbody.com

# Further information obtainable from:

Sydney Automotive Paints & Equipment PTY LTD Unit A3, 366 Edgar St. Condell Park NSW 2200 AUSTRALIA, Tel. +02 9772 9000 , +02 9772 9001

## **Emergency telephone number:**

If poisoning occurs contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 131 126, New Zeland 0800 764 766.

# 2 Hazard(s) Identification

Classification of the substance or mixture



Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.



health hazard



H351 Suspected of causing cancer. Route of exposure: Inhalation.

Skin Irrit. 2H315 Causes skin irritation.Eye Irritation 2A H319 Causes serious eye irritation.STOT SE 3H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

# Label elements

• **GHS label elements** The product is classified and labelled according to the Globally Harmonised System (GHS).

## · Hazard pictograms



# · Signal word Danger

### Hazard-determining components of labelling:

xylene

titanium dioxide

### · Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer. Route of exposure: Inhalation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

# **Precautionary statements**

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
 P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.
 P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

# Other hazards

# <sup>•</sup> Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

• **PBT:** Not applicable.

• **vPvB:** Not applicable.

# 3 Composition and Information on Ingredients

# Chemical characterisation: Mixtures

**Description:** Mixture of hazardous substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

# **Dangerous components:**

<u></u>		
CAS: 1330-20-7	xylene	20-<25%
EINECS: 215-535-7	🚸 Flam. Liq. 3, H226	
	00-9 ሱ Acute Tox. 4, H312; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H335	
RTECS: ZE 2100000		
CAS: 471-34-1	calcium carbonate	10-<15%
EINECS: 207-439-9		
RTECS: EV 9580000		
CAS: 110-19-0	isobutyl acetate	5-<10%
EINECS: 203-745-1	🗛 🔗 Flam. Liq. 2, H225	
Index number: 607-026-0		
CAS: 13463-67-7	titanium dioxide	5-<10%
EINECS: 236-675-5	💊 🕹 Carc. 2, H351	
Index number: 022-006-0		
CAS: 78-93-3	butanone	5-<10%
EINECS: 201-159-0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	
RTECS: EL 6475000	00-3 🚸 Eye Irritation 2A, H319; STOT SE 3, H335-H336	
		F 100/
CAS: 123-86-4 EINECS: 204-658-1	n-butyl acetate	5-<10%
Index number: 607-025-0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226     STOT SE 3, H336	
RTECS: AF 7350000		
CAS: 9004-70-0	cellulose nitrate, nitrogen content <12.6%	5-<10%
Index number: 603-037-0		5-<10/0
	STOT SE 3, H335	
CAS: 7397-62-8	butyl glycollate	1-<5%
EINECS: 230-991-7	Flam. Lig. 4, H227	,.
CAS: 117-84-0	dioctyl phthalate	≥1-<3%
EINECS: 204-214-7	Repr. 2, H361	,.
RTECS: TI 1925000	Vepri 2, 1001	
CAS: 7727-43-7	barium sulphate, natural	1-<5%
EINECS: 231-784-4		
RTECS: CR 0600000		
CAS: 78-83-1	butanol	≥1-<3%
EINECS: 201-148-0	🚸 Flam. Liq. 3, H226	
	00-1 🚸 Eye Dam. 1, H318	
RTECS: NP 9625000	🚯 Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H335-H336	
· Additional informa	tion: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.	

• **Additional information:** For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

### 4 First Aid Measures

#### Description of first aid measures

## **General information:**

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.

• After inhalation: In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

• After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

# After eye contact:

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor. Remove contanct lenses in case of eye contamination and irrigae copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes trying to hold the eye lids open.

- **After swallowing:** If symptoms persist consult doctor.
- Information for doctor:
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.
- · Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No further relevant information available.

# 5 Fire Fighting Measures

- Extinguishing media
- **Suitable extinguishing agents:** CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.
- For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture No further relevant information available.
- Advice for firefighters
- Firefighters should always protective equipment and breathing apparatus when handling fire coming from these products
- Speial protective equipment and fire fighting procedures: No special measures required.
- Additional information Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

## 6 Accidental Release Measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
- Environmental precautions: Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust). Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13. Ensure adequate ventilation.

# Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment. See Section 13 for disposal information.

### 7 Handling and Storage

# · Handling:

# Precautions for safe handling

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace. Open and handle receptacle with care. Prevent formation of aerosols.

### Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Protect against electrostatic charges. Keep respiratory protective device available.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storage:
- Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store in a cool location.
- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- Further information about storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed.

Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles. • **Specific end use(s)** No further relevant information available.

# 8 Exposure controls and personal protection

• Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.

## · Control parameters

# Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

#### 1330-20-7 xylene

WES Short-term value: 655 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 150 ppm Long-term value: 350 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 80 ppm

### 471-34-1 calcium carbonate

WES Long-term value: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### 110-19-0 isobutyl acetate

WES Long-term value: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 150 ppm

### 78-93-3 butanone

WES Short-term value: 890 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 300 ppm Long-term value: 445 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 150 ppm

#### 123-86-4 n-butyl acetate

WES Short-term value: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 200 ppm Long-term value: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 150 ppm

#### 7727-43-7 barium sulphate, natural

WES Long-term value: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### 78-83-1 butanol

WES Long-term value: 152 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm

• Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

### • Exposure controls

### Personal protective equipment:

### General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Store protective clothing separately.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

### Respiratory protection:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

#### **Protection of hands:**



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture. Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

### Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

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### Penetration time of glove material

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

• For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are suitable: Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton) • For the permanent contact of a maximum of 15 minutes gloves made of the following materials are suitable: Rubber gloves

Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles

### 9

· Body protection: Protective work clothing					
9 Physical and Chemical Properties					
Information on basic physical and chemi	cal properties				
General Information					
· Appearance:					
Form:	Pasty				
Colour: Odour:	According to product specification Characteristic				
· Odour: · Odour threshold:	Not determined.				
pH-value:	Not determined.				
· Change in condition					
Melting point/freezing point:	Undetermined.				
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	79-80.5 °C				
Flash point:	< 23 °C				
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not applicable.				
Autoignition temperature:	370 °C				
• Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.				
• Auto-ignition temperature:	Product is not selfigniting.				
Explosive properties:	Risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition. Explosive when mixed with oxidising substances.				
• Explosion limits:					
Lower:	1.1 Vol %				
Upper:	7 Vol %				
·Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	6.7 hPa				
Density at 20 °C:	1.305 g/cm <sup>3</sup>				
Relative density	Not determined.				
Vapour density	Not determined.				
Evaporation rate	Not determined.				
Solubility in / Miscibility with					
water:	Not miscible or difficult to mix.				
• Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not determined.					

· Viscosity: Dynamic: Kinematic:	Not determined. Not determined.
Solvent content: Organic solvents: VOC (EC)	50.2 % 410 q/l
Solids content (volume):	46.0 % No further relevant information available.

## 10 Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity** No further relevant information available.

Chemical stability

• Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.

· Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.

Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.

· Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.

· Hazardous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known.

## 11 Toxicological Information

· Information on toxicological effects **Acute toxicity** LD/LC50 values relevant for classification: ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimates) 11,380-11,383 mg/kg (rat) Oral LD50 7,813-7,814 mg/kg (rabbit) Dermal LD50 Inhalative LC50/4 h >29.8 mg/l 1330-20-7 xylene Oral LD50 4,300 mg/kg (rat) Dermal LD50 2,000 mg/kg (rabbit) Inhalative LC50/4 h 11 mg/l (ATE) 471-34-1 calcium carbonate Oral LD50 6,450 mg/kg (rat) 110-19-0 isobutyl acetate LD50 Oral 13,400 mg/kg (rat) 13463-67-7 titanium dioxide Oral I D50 >20,000 mg/kg (rat) >10,000 mg/kg (rabbit) Dermal LD50 Inhalative LC50/4 h > 6.82 mg/l (rat) 78-93-3 butanone I D50 Oral 3,300 mg/kg (rat) Dermal LD50 5,000 mg/kg (rabbit) 123-86-4 n-butyl acetate Oral LD50 13,100 mg/kg (rat)

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Dermal LD50 >5,000 mg/kg (rabbit)

#### Inhalative LC50/4 h >21 mg/l (rat) 7397-62-8 butyl glycollate

Oral LD50 4,595 mg/kg (rat)

# 78-83-1 butanol

Oral LD50 2,460 mg/kg (rat)

Dermal LD50 3,400 mg/kg (rabbit)

# Primary irritant effect:

Skin corrosion/irritation Irritant to skin and mucous membranes.

• Serious eye damage/irritation Irritating effect.

• **Respiratory or skin sensitisation** Sensitising effect through inhalation is possible by prolonged exposure.

# Additional toxicological information:

The product shows the following dangers according to the calculation method of the General EU Classification Guidelines for Preparations as issued in the latest version:

Irritant

# CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

Carc. 2

# 12 Ecological Information

# · Toxicity

# Aquatic toxicity:

This product is not toxic for the aquatic life. Nevertheless do not dispose the product or any cleaning solvents used along with this product into the sea

# Persistence and degradability

This prouduct contains polyesteric molecules and organic solvents and is not known to be bioaccumulative. It can be considered as biodegradable in small quantities. In case of disposal, it should be treated as a hazardous material and should be disposed accordingly. Do not just throw it away

# Behaviour in environmental systems:

Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.

• Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.

# Additional ecological information:

# General notes:

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

# Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

- **PBT:** This product contains no substance that is considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating or non toxic(PBT).
- **vPvB**: This mixture contains no substance that is considered to be very persistent or very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

• Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

# 13 Disposal considerations

# Waste treatment methods

• **Recommendation** Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

Uncleaned packaging:

• **Recommendation:** Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

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# Trade name: BODY P980 1K FINE FILLER

14 Transport information	
· <u>UN-Number</u>	
ADG, IMDG, IATA	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	
ADG	UN1263 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, special provision 640D
IMDG, IATA	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Transport hazard class(es)	
ADG	
Class	3 (F1) Flammable liquids.
Label	3
IMDG, IATA	
Class	3 Flammable liquids.
Label	3
Packing group	
ADG, IMDG, IATA	Π
Environmental hazards:	
Marine pollutant:	No
Special precautions for user	Warning: Flammable liquids.
Hazard identification number (Kemler code):	33
EMS Number:	F-E, <u>S-E</u>
Stowage Category	В
• Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and	
the IBC Code	Not applicable.
<ul> <li>Transport/Additional information:</li> </ul>	
ADG	
Limited quantities (LQ)	5L
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E2
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml
Transport category	2
Tunnel restriction code	D/E
IMDG	
Limited quantities (LQ)	5L
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E2
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml
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UN "Model Regulation": UN 1263 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, SPECIAL PROVISION 640D, 3, II 15 Regulatory information •3YF Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture None of the ingredients is listed. Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals 1330-20-7 xylene 471-34-1 calcium carbonate 14807-96-6 Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4) 110-19-0 isobutyl acetate 13463-67-7 titanium dioxide 78-93-3 butanone 123-86-4 n-butyl acetate 9004-70-0 cellulose nitrate, nitrogen content <12.6% 7397-62-8 butyl glycollate 117-84-0 dioctyl phthalate 7727-43-7 barium sulphate, natural 78-83-1 butanol 64-17-5 ethanol 67-63-0 propan-2-ol 71-36-3 butan-1-ol 93685-90-6 Lecithins, egg yolk 7664-38-2 phosphoric acid 1333-86-4 Carbon black 1330-20-7 xylene 100-41-4 ethylbenzene Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons 1330-20-7 xylene: S6 78-93-3 butanone: S5 71-36-3 butan-1-ol: S5. S6 7664-38-2 phosphoric acid: S5, S6 1330-20-7 xylene: S6 Australia: Priority Existing Chemicals 117-84-0 dioctyl phthalate GHS label elements The product is classified and labelled according to the Globally Harmonised System (GHS).

## Hazard pictograms



 Signal word Danger
 Hazard-determining components of labelling: xylene

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titanium dioxide

### · Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer. Route of exposure: Inhalation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

# **Precautionary statements**

- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.
- P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/ lignting] equipment.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

- P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of conte
  - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

# Directive 2012/18/EU

· Named dangerous substances - ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.

- Seveso category P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 5,000 t
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 50,000 t

### National regulations:

### Additional classification according to Decree on Hazardous Materials, Annex II:

Carcinogenic hazardous material group III (dangerous).

• Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

### 16 Other information

This information is based on our current knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

#### **Relevant phrases**

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H227 Combustible liquid.
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
- H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Department issuing SDS: Department of Quality Control

Contact: HB BODY S.A Ms Olympia Stamkou Ph: +30 2310 790 032 fax: +30 2310 790 033 email: stamkou@hbbody.com

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#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail) IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA) ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organisation" (ICAO) ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids – Category 3 Flam. Liq. 4: Flammable liquids – Category 4 Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity - Category 4 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2 Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1 Eye Irritation 2A: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2A Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3 STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2

#### \* Data compared to the previous version altered.

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### Annex: Exposure scenario

### Short title of the exposure scenario

### Sector of Use

SU3 Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU22 Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

• **Product category** PC9b Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay

• Process category PROC8a Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities

· Article category AC1 Vehicles

# • Environmental release category ERC2 Formulation into mixture

# Description of the activities / processes covered in the Exposure Scenario

See section 1 of the annex to the Safety Data Sheet.

Conditions of use According to directions for use.

**Duration and frequency** Frequency of use:

### <sup>•</sup> Physical parameters

The data on the physical - chemical properties in the Exposure Scenario is based on the properties of the preparation.

## Physical state Fluid

Concentration of the substance in the mixture The substance is main component.

• **Used amount per time or activity** Smaller than 100 g per application.

Other operational conditions

## Other operational conditions affecting environmental exposure No special measures required.

# Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure

Avoid contact with eyes.

Avoid contact with the skin.

Do not breathe gas/vapour/aerosol.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Other operational conditions affecting consumer exposure No special measures required.

### Other operational conditions affecting consumer exposure during the use of the product Not applicable.

# Risk management measures

Worker protection

### Organisational protective measures

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by using a local exhaustion or general exhaust system. If these measures are insufficient to keep the solvent vapour concentration below the workplace limit, wear an adequate respiratory protective device.

### • Technical protective measures

Provide explosion-proof electrical equipment.

Ensure that suitable extractors are available on processing machines

### Personal protective measures

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Avoid contact with the skin.

Avoid contact with the eyes.

Pregnant women should strictly avoid inhalation or skin contact.

Tightly sealed goggles

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

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# Measures for consumer protection

Ensure adequate labelling.

Observe consumer information and advice on safe use.

### Environmental protection measures

- Water Do not allow to reach sewage system. Dispose of this product and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point. • Soil The product is only processed over the concrete collecting basin.
- Disposal measures Ensure that waste is collected and contained.
- **Disposal procedures** Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.
- · Waste type Partially emptied and uncleaned packaging

# • Exposure estimation

• **Consumer** This product is to be used by professional technitians only.

## <sup>•</sup> Guidance for downstream users

Whether the downstream user acts within the scope of the Exposure Scenario can be verified based on the information in sections 1 to 8.