

# SAFETY DATA SHEET JUICE Concentrated Degreaser

According to the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice, 2021.

### SECTION 1: Identification: Product identifier and chemical identity

**Product identifier** 

Product name JUICE Concentrated Degreaser

Product No. JPTCD20

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Application** Car maintenance product. - Cleaning agent.

Uses advised against For professional use only. This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional

or consumer use other than the Identified uses above.

## **Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet**

Supplier Sydney Automotive Paint and Equipment Pty Ltd

Unit A3, 366 Edgar Street

Condell Park NSW 2200 Australia

Tel: +61 2 9772 9000

Email: reception@sape.com.au www.juicepolishes.com.au

www.sape.com.au

Manufacturer Global Body Shop Supplies

Unit A4, 366 Edgar Street

Condell Park NSW 2200 Australia

Tel: +61 2 9772 9099

Email: reception@sape.com.au

**Emergency Information** 

Emergency telephoneAU Poison Information Centre13 11 26General medical information+61 2 9772 9000 (Mon to Fri, 08:00-16:00 AEST)Transport information+61 2 9772 9000 (Mon to Fri, 08:00-16:00 AEST)

National emergency telephone Poison Information Hotline: 13 11 26

number

#### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

## Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards Met. Corr. 1 - H290

**Health hazards** Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319

**Environmental hazards** Not Classified

<u>Label elements</u>

**Hazard pictograms** 



Signal word DANGER

**Hazard statements** H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

**Precautionary statements** P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective clothing, gloves, eye and face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label information

For professional users only.

**Contains** sodium hydroxide

### Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic) or vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

### SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients

## **Mixtures**

2-BUTOXYETHANOL 3<5%

CAS number: 111-76-2

Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit.

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319

Trisodium Nitrilotriacetate 3<5%

CAS number: 5064-31-3

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302

Eye Irrit. 2A - H319

Carc. 2 - H351

## **JUICE Concentrated Degreaser**

sodium hydroxide 2<3%

CAS number: 1310-73-2

Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit.

Classification

Met. Corr. 1 - H290 Skin Corr. 1A - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### **Description of first aid measures**

**General information** Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

**Inhalation** Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and

keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on

their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water

or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as collar, tie or belt.

**Skin Contact** Rinse with water.

**Eye contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

**Protection of first aiders** First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth

resuscitation.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**General information** See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms

described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation** Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.

**Ingestion** May cause irritation.

**Skin contact** Redness. Irritating to skin.

**Eye contact** Irritating to eyes.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes for the doctor** Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry

powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

**Hazardous combustion** products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Harmful gases or vapours.

## Advice for firefighters

**Protective actions during** firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

**Special protective equipment** for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to Australia/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 4967 (for clothing) AS/NZS 1801 (for helmets), AS/NZS 4821 (for protective boots), AS/NZS 1801 (for protective gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

**Hazchem Code** 

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

## **Personal precautions**

No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Environmental precautions Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

## Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Neutralise with acid. Caution. May generate heat. Following dilution and neutralisation, discharge to the sewer with plenty of water may be permitted. The requirements of the local water authority must be complied with if contaminated water is flushed directly to the sewer. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

### Reference to other sections

**Reference to other sections** For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health

hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal,

see Section 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage, including how the chemical may be safely used

#### Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in

Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do

not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage precautions** Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from the following materials: Acids.

Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not

absorbent

**Storage class** Acid-reactive storage.

Specific end use(s)

**Specific end use(s)** The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls and personal protection**

### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### **2-BUTOXYETHANOL**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 20 ppm 96.9 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): 50 ppm 242 mg/m³

#### sodium hydroxide

Ceiling value: 2 mg/m3

Sk = Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

## Trisodium Nitrilotriacetate (CAS: 5064-31-3)

**Ingredient comments** No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

## Exposure controls

### **Protective equipment**









## **JUICE Concentrated Degreaser**

## Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

#### **Eye/face protection**

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### **Hand protection**

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended. The choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Gloves made from the following material may provide suitable chemical protection: Nitrile rubber. Thickness: >0.2mm The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 0.5 hours. Glove thickness is not necessarily a good measure of glove resistance as the permeation rate will depend on the exact glove composition. Repeated exposure to chemicals will degrade the ability of the glove to provide resistance to chemicals. Specific work environments and material handling practices may vary, therefore safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Use thin cotton gloves inside natural rubber gloves if there is an allergy risk to natural rubber.

## Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

### **Hygiene measures**

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

### **Respiratory protection**

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and complies with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716.

## Environmental exposure controls

Store in a demarcated bunded area to prevent release to drains and/or watercourses.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## **JUICE Concentrated Degreaser**

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colour Red.

Odour Mild.

**Odour threshold** Not available.

pH (concentrated solution): ~ 13 pH (diluted solution): ~ 11 @ 1%

Melting point  $^{\sim} 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Initial boiling point and range ~ 100 @°C @ 760 mm Hg

Flash point

Evaporation rate

Not available.

Flammability Limit - Lower(%) Not applicable.

Vapour pressure

Not applicable.

Vapour density

Not applicable.

Relative density ~ 1.060 @ (20°C)°C

**Solubility(ies)** Soluble in water. Miscible with water.

Not applicable.

Partition coefficientNot available.Auto-ignition temperatureNot applicable.Decomposition TemperatureNot available.Viscosity~ 1 cSt @ °C

**Comments** Information declared as "Not available" or "Not applicable" is not considered to be relevant to

the implementation of the proper control measures.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**Reactivity** There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

**Oxidising properties** 

reactions

No potentially hazardous reactions known.

**Conditions to avoid**There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.

Materials to avoid Acid anhydrides. Acids. Phenols, cresols.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity - oral** 

## **JUICE Concentrated Degreaser**

Notes (oral LDso) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 10,849.61

**Acute toxicity - dermal** 

Notes (dermal LD50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 27,500.0

**Acute toxicity - inhalation** 

Notes (inhalation LC50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 275.0

**Skin corrosion/irritation** 

Animal data Irritating.

**Extreme pH** ≥ 11.5 Corrosive.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Skin sensitisation** 

**Skin sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** 

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Carcinogenicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity

Contains a substance which may be potentially carcinogenic. IARC Group 3 Not classifiable

as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

**STOT - repeated exposure** Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

**Aspiration hazard** 

**Aspiration hazard** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

**Inhalation** Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.

**Ingestion** May cause irritation.

**Skin Contact** Redness. Irritating to skin.

## **JUICE Concentrated Degreaser**

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

**Route of exposure** Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

**Target Organs** No specific target organs known.

#### Toxicological information on ingredients.

## **2-BUTOXYETHANOL**

**Acute toxicity - oral** 

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

**Species** Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 1,300.0

**Acute toxicity - dermal** 

Acute toxicity dermal (LD50 2,270.0

mg/kg)

**Species** Rat

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,100.0

**Acute toxicity - inhalation** 

**ATE inhalation (vapours** 

mg/l)

11.0

1,300.0

**Skin sensitisation** 

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** 

Genotoxicity - in vitro Gene mutation:: Negative. This substance has no evidence of mutagenic

properties.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**IARC** carcinogenicity IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Fertility: - NOAEL 720 mg/kg, , Mouse

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: 100 mg/kg, , Rat

## Trisodium Nitrilotriacetate

**Toxicological effects** Nitrilotriacetic acid, trisodium salt (NTA) has caused kidney tumours in rats and

mice when administered orally in high concentrations. The tumours are based on

organ damage that can only occur when extremely high threshold limit

concentrations, as compared with possible human exposure, are exceeded. In view of the potential degree of exposure, there should be no cancer risk to humans.

Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg) 500.0

**Carcinogenicity** 

## JUICE Concentrated Degreaser

Carcinogenicity Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

sodium hydroxide

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

**Aspiration hazard** 

**Aspiration hazard** Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.

Route of exposure Skin absorption Ingestion Skin and/or eye contact

**Target Organs** No specific target organs known.

C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

disodium metasilicate

**Acute toxicity - oral** 

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

847.0

**Species** Rat

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-,N-C8-18(even numbered) acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

**Acute toxicity - oral** 

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

7,783.0

**Species** Rat

**Acute toxicity - dermal** 

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 2,066.0

mg/kg)

**Species** Rat

**Skin sensitisation** 

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Reproductive toxicity -

Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

## JUICE Concentrated Degreaser

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 300 mg/kg, Oral, Rat Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The product may affect the acidity (pH) of water which may have hazardous effects on aquatic **Ecotoxicity** 

### **Ecological information on ingredients.**

### sodium hydroxide

**Ecotoxicity** The product may affect the acidity (pH) of water which may have hazardous effects

on aquatic organisms.

#### disodium metasilicate

**Ecotoxicity** The product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. The product may

affect the acidity (pH) of water which may have hazardous effects on aquatic

organisms.

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-,N-C8-18(even numbered) acyl derivs., hydroxides,

inner salts

**Ecotoxicity** Harmful to aquatic life.

**Toxicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

## Ecological information on ingredients.

## **2-BUTOXYETHANOL**

**Acute aquatic toxicity** 

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: > 100 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 1550 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC<sub>50</sub>, >: > 100 mg/l,

Acute toxicity microorganisms EC<sub>50</sub>, >: > 1000 mg/l,

**Chronic aquatic toxicity** 

Chronic toxicity - fish early NOEC, 21 days: > 100 mg/l,

life stage

**Chronic toxicity - aquatic** 

invertebrates

NOEC, 21 days: 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna

#### **Trisodium Nitrilotriacetate**

**Acute aquatic toxicity** 

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 114-470 mg/l, Fish

## **JUICE Concentrated Degreaser**

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 560-1,000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

IC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: 180-320 mg/l, Algae

sodium hydroxide

**Acute aquatic toxicity** 

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 48 hours: ~ 189 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)

LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 125 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

 $EC_{50}$ , 48 hours: > 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna  $EC_{50}$ , 48 hours: 40-240 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

Not known.

C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)

**Acute aquatic toxicity** 

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 10 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 10 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

IC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: 10 mg/l, Algae

**Quarternary coco alkylamine ethoxylate** 

**Acute aquatic toxicity** 

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 28 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna

disodium metasilicate

**Acute aquatic toxicity** 

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 3185 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 4857 mg/l, Daphnia magna

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-,N-C8-18(even numbered) acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts

**Acute aquatic toxicity** 

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: ~ 1.11 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 1.9 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: 2.4 mg/l, Freshwater algae

Acute toxicity -

microorganisms

ECo,: 3,000 mg/l, Activated sludge

## **JUICE Concentrated Degreaser**

**Chronic aquatic toxicity** 

Chronic toxicity - fish early NOEC, : 0.135 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

life stage

Chronic toxicity - aquatic NOEC, : 0.3 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

**Ecological information on ingredients.** 

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

**Persistence and** The product is biodegradable.

degradability

**Biodegradation** Water - Degradation (%) 90.4: 28 days

Trisodium Nitrilotriacetate

degradability

sodium hydroxide

Persistence and The product contains only inorganic substances which are not biodegradable. The

**degradability** product is potentially degradable.

**Stability (hydrolysis)** Not applicable.

Biological oxygen demand ~ 0 g O<sub>2</sub>/g substance

C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)

Persistence and degradability

The product is biodegradable.

disodium metasilicate

Persistence and The product contains only inorganic substances which are not biodegradable. The

**degradability** product is potentially degradable.

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-,N-C8-18(even numbered) acyl derivs., hydroxides,

inner salts

Persistence and degradability

The product is biodegradable.

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

Bioaccumulative Potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not available.

**Ecological information on ingredients.** 

**2-BUTOXYETHANOL** 

## **JUICE Concentrated Degreaser**

Bioaccumulative Potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient : 0.81

**Trisodium Nitrilotriacetate** 

Bioaccumulative Potential The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

sodium hydroxide

Bioaccumulative Potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)

**Bioaccumulative Potential** The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

disodium metasilicate

Bioaccumulative Potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-,N-C8-18(even numbered) acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts

**Bioaccumulative Potential** The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating. BCF: 71.

Mobility in soil

**Mobility** The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems. The product is non-volatile.

**Ecological information on ingredients.** 

**2-BUTOXYETHANOL** 

**Mobility** The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate

easily from all surfaces.

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

Water - Koc:  $^{\sim}$  67 @  $^{\circ}$ C

Henry's law constant 0.000016 atm m3/mol @ °C

**Surface tension** 65 mN/m @ °C

**Trisodium Nitrilotriacetate** 

**Mobility** The product is soluble in water.

sodium hydroxide

**Mobility** The product is soluble in water.

**Henry's law constant**The product contains mainly inorganic substances which are not biodegradable.

C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)

**Mobility** The product is soluble in water.

disodium metasilicate

**Mobility** The product is soluble in water.

## 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-,N-C8-18(even numbered) acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts

**Mobility** The product is soluble in water.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### **Waste treatment methods**

**General information** 

The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

**Disposal methods** 

Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

General For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal

documentation using the data shown in this section.

**UN number** 

UN No. (ADG) 1824 UN No. (IMDG) 1824 UN No. (ICAO) 1824

**UN** proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADG) SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

Proper shipping name

(IMDG)

SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

Proper shipping name (ICAO) SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

<u>Transport hazard class(es)</u>

ADG class 8

ADG classification code C5

ADG label 8

IMDG class 8

ICAO class/division 8

## **JUICE Concentrated Degreaser**

#### **Transport labels**



#### Packing group

ADG packing group III

IMDG packing group III

ICAO packing group III

## **Environmental hazards**

### Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

### Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**EmS** F-A, S-B

Hazchem Code 2R

Transport in bulk according to

/78

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Not applicable.

National regulations The Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets.

Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances.

Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment. Guidance Note on the Interpretation of Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in

the Occupational Environment.

National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Workplace Substances.

National Model Regulations for the Control of Workplace Hazardous Substances. National Code of Practice for the Control of Workplace Hazardous Substances. National Standard for the Storage and Handling of Workplace Dangerous Goods.

National Code of Practice for the Storage and Handling of Workplace Dangerous Goods. Guidance Note for Placarding Stores for Dangerous Goods and Specified Hazardous Substances. Guidance Note for the Assessment of Health Risks Arising from Hazardous

Substances in the Workplace.

National Standard for the Control of Major Hazard Facilities. National Code of Practice for the

Control of Major Hazard Facilities.

Schedule (SUSMP) Schedule 5. Caution.

#### **Inventories**

Australia - AIIC

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### **SECTION 16: Any other relevant information**

**Training advice** Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this

material.

**Revision comments**NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

**Issued by** Prepared by Autosmart International Ltd, Lynn Lane, Shenstone, Lichfield, Staffordshire,

WS14 0DH, Great Britain. www.autosmartinternational.com

rbutler@autosmart.co.uk Tel +44 (0)1543 481616

**Revision date** 21/03/2023

**Revision** 2\_AUS

Supersedes date 22/05/2022

**SDS No.** 22084

SDS status Approved.

**Hazard statements in full** H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.